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BROOKLYN, N.

Calamities—Why Permitted

"There were present at that season some who told him of the Galileans, whose blood Pilate had mingled with their sacrifices. And Jesus answering said unto them, Suppose ye that these Galileans were sinners above all the Galileans, because they suffered such things? I tell you, Nay; but except ye repent, ye shall all likewise perish. "Or, those eighteen, upon whom the tower of Siloam fell, and slew them, think ye that they were sinners above all men that dwelt in Jerusalem? I tell you, Nay; but, except ye repent, ye shall all likewise perish."—Luke 13:1-5.

N OBLE and good in the sight of both God and man are the generous impulses of charity and sympathy, awakened by great calamities in recent years. And when this is said, it leaves little more to be said favorable to calamities or their influence.

While these charities should not be misconstrued to signify that God's consecrated saints are rapidly multiplying—for many of the charitable are plying—for many of the charitable are infidels—yet they are an evidence that at least some of the original God-like—wholly effaced by six thousand years of ness of our race remains; that it has degradation in sin, it at once arouses not the consecrated, and some are even infidels—yet they are an evidence that at least some of the original God-likeness of our race remains; that it has not been wholly obliterated by the degradation of the fall, nor wholly poisoned by the bad theology of the dark ages. While we live in a period, perhaps, as selfish and money-loving as any known to history, yet millions of dollars are generously poured forth to aid suffering humanity. And yet many who in times of calamitous distress show that they have a tender spot somewhere in their hearts, would and do at other times lend time and brain and skill to the arts of war, and in designing the most horrible implements of warfare; and on occasions when bitter passions are aroused would relentlessly and pitilessly slaughter a thousand times as many as meet death by the accidents of nature. Yet, for all this showing of the two elements in the same men, we rejoice that the God-like element of sympathy exists, as a partial offset to the devilish qualities of selfishness and heartlessness, which, under the degrading influence of man's fallen state, have grown strong during the past six thousand years.

Preparatory to looking carefully, reasonably and Scripturally at the question, Why does God permit calamities? let us note some of the absurd views of some Christian people, who should know God's Word and character much better than they seem to know them. Some, whose hearts in the presence of great calamities overflow with sympathy and God-like love (which proves their hearts better and more sound than their theology), declare that God is the director and cause of all disasters and troubles. Hence, whatever men may do to alleviate such distresses would, according to this false view, be so much done in opposition to God; and whatever love and sympathy they feel, is so much sentiment opposed to God's sentiments — which are thus made to appear malicious.

But it seems a very slight thing to charge the Almighty with causing

whatever love and sympathy they feet, is so much sentiment opposed to God's sentiments—which are thus made to appear malicious.

But it seems a very slight thing to charge the Almighty with causing earth's calamities—in comparison with the general thought of Christendom, that God has premeditated, planned, from before the foundation of the world, their everlasting torture—the direst calamity imaginable. Tornadoes, earthquakes, epidemics of disease, would be mercies and kindnesses in comparison with such diabolical schemes and preparations as are accredited to the Lord by the vast majority of his children, who suffer still from the superstition, ignorance and blindness of the "dark ages," and its creeds. Alas, that such false conceptions of the justice and love of our Creator should ever have gained a foothold in our minds—to distort our every conception of every right and good quality. O Lord, grant Thy people a great opening of the eyes of their understanding, that we may be able to comprehend with all saints, the lengths and the breadths, the heights and the depths of Thy love and mercy toward Thy creatures through Jesus Christ, our Lord!* The difficulty is that men have been led to consider the very Bible which de-

NOBLE and good in the sight of both clares God's true character of love and

God's Sympathy — How Shown.

When we declare that whatever there is of love and sympathy in man is only the remnant of the original divine likeness in which Adam was created, not wholly effaced by six thousand years of degradation in sin, it at once arouses the question: In what way does God manifest his sympathy and love in such emergencies, when even the hearts of fallen human beings are touched, with sympathy and love—to acts of kindness and succor?

A correct answer is, that God is represented in every act of kindness done, whether by his children or by the world; because their actions under such circumstances are the result of their possession of some measure of his character and disposition. This answer is not full engage to the hearting.

resented in every act of kindness done, whother by his children or by the world; because their actions under such circumstances are the result of their possession of some measure of his character and disposition. This answel is not full enough to he satisfactor; but, thank God, a fuller investigation, in the light of his Word, reveals a boundless sympathy on his part—providing an abundant succor, which is shortly to be revealed.

But why does not God immediately succor his creatures from calamities? Or, to go still further back, why does he, who has all wisdom to know and all power to prevent, permit calamities—cyclones earthquakes, tidal-waves, destructive floods, pestilences, etc? And while we are about it, we may as well include all the evils which God could prevent, if he would—all the forms of sickness and pain and death; every manner of destruction—wars, murders, etc.; everything which causes pain or trouble to those willing to do and to be in harmony with God? The answer to one of these questions will be the answer to every question on the subject; for all human evils are related and have a common source or cause.

To comprehend this cause fully, we must go far back, to the very beginning of sickness, pain, death and sorrow—to the Garden of Eden, where neither famine, pestilence, cyclone, earthquake, nor death in any form was permitted; where man and his surroundings and conditions were pronounced "very good," even by God himself, and must certainly have been greatly appreciated by man, who had to be driven out and prevented from returning by the fiery sword which kept the way of access to the life-sustaining fruits of the Garden.

And this Creator, who so graciously provided for the life and comfort of his creatures, and who communed with them and gave them his blessing and the promise of everlasting life upon the sole condition of continued obedience—how came it that he should so change in his attitude toward his creatures as to drive them from the enjoyments of those Eden comforts and blessings, out i

death?
We must remember that the Creator

WHAT IS THE SOUL?

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restoration.

The death penalty, inflicted in this manner, God foresaw would, through experience, furnish man such a lesson on the exceeding sinfulness of sin and its baneful results as would never need to be repeated — a lesson, therefore, which would profit all who learn it to all eternity; especially when Christ's Millennial reign of righteousness shall manifest in contrast the fruits of righteousness. God also designed that the exercise of man's mental faculties in coping with the disturbances and imperfections of his surroundings and in inventing reliefs, and the exercise of his moral faculties in combating his own weaknesses, and the calls upon his sympathy, should prove beneficial.

Had the sentence of God (in addition to a loss of Eden's comforts and experience with sin and death) condemned his creatures to an eternity of torment and anguish, as so many now believe and teach, who could defend such a sentence, or call the Judge just, or loving, or in any sense good?

Surely no one of a sound mind!

But when it is seen that the Scriptures teach that death (extinction), and not life in torment, was the penalty pronounced and inflicted, all is reasonable. God has a right to demand perfect obedience from his perfect creature when placed under perfect conditions, as in Adam's case. And the decree that none shall live everlastingly except the perfect, is both a wise and a just provision for the everlasting welfare of all God's creatures.

There is a depth of meaning in the Creator's words, as he sent forth his fairly tried and justly condemned creatures, among the thorns and briars, to labor and pain, and sorrow, and diseas and to be subject to the casualties and calamities of nature's unfinished work. He said, "Cursed is the ground for thy sake;" i. e., The earth in general is in its present imperfect condition for your profit and experience; even though you may not esteem it so. "Adam would have sought to retain continual access to the garden fruits, to avoid severe labor and to enable him to fully sustain h

specially or miraculously "prepared" in advance the Garden of Eden, only, for man's comfortable enjoyment of the favors of life, and a fitting place for of God of which none but his children his trial. God foresaw the fall of his creature, and provided that the penalty of sin, "dying thou shalt die," instead of being suddenly inflicted, as by a lightning stroke or other speedy method, should be served out gradually by conflict with the unfavorable conditions (of climate, sterility of soil, storms, mlasma, thorns, weeds, etc.), of the unprepared carth; the preparation of which would require seven thousand years more to entirely fit it for the habitation of perfect, obedient, human children of God.

Man a Convict.

Adam and Eve, therefore, went forth from Eden convicts, under sentence of death; self-convicted under the most just of all judges, their Creator and friend. The left of the left of the preparation of which would be convicted under the most just of all judges, their Creator and friend. The left of the left of the preparation of which would be convicted under the most just of all judges, their Creator and friend. The left of the preparation would be of gradually rather and restoration.

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God Just, Yet the Justifier of Sinners

Paul tells us that God adopted a method for the recovery of man from that original sentence of death that came upon all as the result of Adam's fall, which would show the justice of his sentence and the unchangeableness of his decrees, and yet permit such as are sick of sin to use their experience wisely, and to return to harmony and obedience to their Creator and his just and reasonable laws and regulations. This Divine Plan, by which God could remain just and unchangeable in his attitude toward sin and sinners, and yet release the well-disposed from the penalty of sin (death and disfavor), is stated by the Apostle in Rom. 3:24-26.

In brief, this plan provided that an-Paul tells us that God adopted a meth-

In brief, this plan provided that another man who, by obedience to the law of God, should prove his worthiness of eternal life, might, by the willing sacrifice of the life to which he was thus proved worthy, redeem the forfeited life of Adam and of his posterity who lost life through him; for it is written, "In Adam all die," and "By the offence of one, sentence of condemnation came on all men."—I Cor. 15:22; Rom. 5:12, 18.

The Redeemer

Since the condemnation to death was thus upon all men, and since another man newly created and inexperienced Adam was, though just as favorably uated, would have been similarly liato fall, God devised the marvelous

The Rich Man in Hell; Lazarus in Abraham's Bosom

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THE BIBLE STUDENTS MONTHLY

W. F. HUDGINGS, Editor.

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plan of transferring his only begotten Son from the spiritual to the human nature, and thus provided a man fit for sacrifice—"the man Christ Jesus who gave himself a ransom for all;" "who, though he was rich [though he was possessed of glory and honor and riches of wisdom and power above both angels and men], nevertheless for our sakes became poor (humbling himself to a lower nature, that of a man, becoming obedient even unto death] that we through his poverty might be made

coming obedient even unto death] that we through his poverty might be made rich."—I Tim. 2:5, 6; 2 Cor. 8:9.

Thus the one first created, "the first-born of all creation" (Col. 1:15), "the beginning of the creation of God" (Rev. 3:14), the one who had known God's character longer, more fully and more intimately than any other being, the one in fact who had been Jehovah's chief and honored, intelligent and active Agent in the creation of angels as

Cor. 15:21-24.

By His Knowledge

By His Knowledge

Though tempted in all points like as we (his "brethren") are, he ignored his own will (Luke 22:42; John 4:34; 5:30) and all suggestions from others contrary to God's plan (Matt. 16:23; Luke 4:4, 8, 12), and obeyed God implicitly. And therein lay the secret of his success. Temptations did not overcome him, as they did even the perfect man Adam, because of the fulness of his consecration to the Divine will and plan; and this fulness of consecration and trust was the result of his intimate knowledge of the Father and his unbounded confidence

THIEVES IN PARADISE

Luke 23:43.—This greatly mis-understood text explained in the August number of Peoples Pul-PIT, Vol. I., No. 7. Send post-card for free sam-ple

God's character longer, more fully and more intimately than any other being, the one in fact who had been Jehovah's chief and honored, intelligent and active Agent in the creation of angels as well as of men, the one by whom all things were made, and aside from whom not anything was made (John 1:3; Col. 1:16, 17) — this great being, Jehovah's Prime Minister, and next to himself in dignity, the Almighty entry of the man some price, with all that that implied of suffering and self-denial. To restore them (such of them as should prove worthy — whosever wills) would require the exercise of divine power to pretend the fallest opportunity to decide whether they love good orro—to destroylength of the consentation, and give to all the redeemed the fullest opportunity to decide whether they love good orro—to destroylength of the consentation and superciate it and joyfully engage therein. Willingly our Lordsen and superciate it and joyfully engage therein. Willingly our Lordsen and thirty years of age, and then began the great work of searnifice, the sacrifice of himself, for the cancellation of the sin of the first man, to recover Adam and his race by dying on their behalf, as their Redeemer. By giving Justice the price of their liberty from Divine condemnation, he section of the sin of the first man, to recover Adam and his race by dying on their behalf, as their Redeemer. By giving Justice the price of their liberty from Divine condemnation, he seemed the fullest on the first man, to recover Adam and his race by dying on their behalf, as their Redeemer. By giving Justice the price of their liberty from Divine condemnation, he seemed the fullest and how shall prove worthy. And to prove who are worthy of everlasting life will be thoe location and secure the react work of search of the first and the first man, and here the neighbour services of the Millennial reign.—I Tim. 2:4; 2 Pet. 3:9.

This fact that our Lord's mission certain give and how shall prove of the first the first advent was to defort the race, that he mig

PERISH"

Death, in whatever form it may come, is perishing, ceasing to exist. All mankind, through Adam's transgression, came under condemnation to loss of life, to "perish," "to be as though they had not been." And only one way of escape from that condemnation has been provided (Acts 4:12.) Because of Christ's redemptive work all may escape perishing by accepting the conditions of life. During Christ's Millennial reign those whom Pilate slew, and those upon whom the tower of Siloam fell, and all others of the race, sharers in the death penalty now upon all, will be released from the tomb, brought to a knowledge of Christ, his ransom work, and their privilege of repentance and full restitution to divine favor—life, etc. Thus seen, the Adamic death penalty was—to perish; but it will be canceled by Christ's Ransom, so far as it relates to those who, when brought to know the Redeemer, shall forsake sin. No longer should it be regarded as a perished condition, but as a "sleep" (John 11:11-14; Matt. 9:24; I Thes. 4:14; 5:10), from which the Redeemer will awaken all, to give each who did not have it before being overtaken by Adamic death, a full, individual opportunity to escape perishing and live forever. Yet, finally, all who shall fail to repent and lay hold upon the gracious Life-giver shall perish; they will fail to obtain the full

*Sinaitic MS. omits the words "and now is."

* Sinaitic MS. omits the words "and now is."

In his wisdom, love and power. He had knowledge of his previous existence as a sprift being with the Father (John 17:5; 3:12, 13). Our Lord's success, then, was the result of being rightly exercised by his knowledge of each state of the lock of deep shall my righteous servant justify many, while bearing their iniquities."—
Ist. 53:12, 130. Our Lord's success, then, was the result of being rightly exercised by his knowledge of each shall be a success that the suggestive thoughts here are fitted. The suggestive thoughts here are fitted fund, the suggestive thoughts here are fitted fund, the suggestive thoughts here are fitted fund, and the lock of full appreciation of God's greatness, goodness and resources. Secondly, the knowledge (as in Satan's case) would be valuedess, if unnecompanied by sin-check, by any and consecration are both essential to their whether the suggestion is the service of the lock of "bretthern" is, that knowledge and consecration are both essential to their bretthern, is, that knowledge and consecration are both essential to their state of the lock of bretthern, is, that knowledge and consecration are both essential to their bretthern, is, that knowledge and consecration are both essential to their objective of the lock of the consecration are both essential to their objective of the lock of the

and fair and individual and final trial.

—I Cor. 15:25.

As our Lord Jesus used the calamities of his time as illustrating the just penalty against all who do not flee sin and lay hold upon the Redeemer and Life-giver, so we use them. We declare that destruction, perishing, is the just penalty of sin taught in the Scriptures. We denounce as un-Scriptural the eternal torment theory, so generally believed by God's children, as one of Satan's blasphemous slanders against God's character. And we protected in that only by faith in the Redeemer, repentance and reformation, can the gift of God, eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord, be obtained. Whoever hears the offer of life is responsible to the extent that he understands it; and according to God's promise and plan all mankind shall, at some time, either during the Gospel age, or during the coming Millennial Age, be brought to a full, clear appreciation of these conditions and opportunities, with fullest opportunities for repentance and life.

Calamities, then, are to be regarded, generally, as accidents, attributable to human imperfection and lack of experience, or to disturbances incidental to the preparation of the earth for its more quiet and perfect condition during the Sabbath, or Seventh Thousand years (the Millennium), and for its state of absolute perfection forever after the Millennium, during which, under Christ's direction, it shall be given its finishing touches and be made fully ready for the redeemed race, which his reign shall prepare also to rightly use and enjoy and rule the perfected earth. And man is exposed to these calamities and accidents, and not defended from them by his Almighty Creator, because, first, man is a sinner condemned to death, and is not to be spared from it, but must be allowed to pass through it; and secondly, by the present experiences with trouble and sorrow and pain, all of which are but elements of death, mankind is learning a lesson and laying up in store an experience with sin and its awful concomitants, sorrow, p

Special Providences for the Saints.

But some one inquires, If this be God's plan for redeeming the world by the death of his Son, and justifying and restoring all who believe in and accept of him, and obey and love righteousness, why did not the Millen-

* Not visible in flesh, however, for he is no longer flesh, having been highly exalted again after he had finished the flesh-life by giving it as our ransom price.

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Pressing Toward the Mark

rethren, I count not myself to have apprehended; but this one thing I do, forgetting those things that are behind, and reaching forth to those things that are before, I press down upon the Mark for the prize of the high calling in Christ Jesus."—Phil. 3:13, 14.

won the Mark for the prize of the high calling in Christ Jesus."—Phil. 3:13, 14.

WE ARE glad that, by the grace of glorious Millennial Kingdom. He was God, we have been delivered willing to count everything of his prefrom the terrible nightmare of eternal torment which for so many of us for years darkened our understanding of the Divine purposes set before us in the Bible. We are glad, not merely cause of the knowledge he had gained of Jesus as the Messiah, and better the Bible. We are glad, not merely cause of the privilege that had come to him of being a follower of Jesus, in his footsteps of suffering in the present life and in joint-heirship with him in the present life and in joint-heirship with him in the present life and in joint-heirship with him in the glories of the future. These earth-ly things behind he was daily losing sight of, and hoped might never again have a place in his heart and ambitions, which were now turned in another direction entirely. And so, dear friends should it be with us.

That I May Know Him.

The Apostle, at the time he wrote these words. was far from ignorant of these words.

cline us to love him in return, and to seek to do those things which would please God, and which incidentally would bring to us, according to his arrangement, the highest amount of favor and blessing. This also is the Apostle's suggestion, saying, "Not that we first loved God, but that he first loved us, and sent his Son to be a satisfaction for our sins." (1 John 4:10.) And again, "The love of Christ constraineth us, for we thus judge * * that we henceforth live not unto ourselves, but unto him who died for us."—2 Cor. 5:14, 15.

Our text addresses those who have responded to God's love, and who have become "followers of God, as dear children," followers of the Redeemer, 'walking in his footsteps," as he hath set us an example. Notice the statement, "I count not myself to have apprehended,"—to have grassed or taken walking in his rock.

Walking in his rock.

Set us an example. Notice the statement, "I count not myself to have apprehended"—to have grasped or taken possession of. In the preceding verse the Apostle tells us that the Lord apprehended him—laid hold upon him, when he was in a hopeless condition. He laid hold upon Saul because he was honest-hearted, even while wrongheaded. He opened Saul's eyes and gave him a helping hand out of his condition as a wanderer from God and a member of the fallen race. He offered to keep hold of him and to lead fered to keep hold of him and to lead the opened saul's eyes and saw wanderer from God and a member of the fallen race. He offered to keep hold of him and to lead the opened saul's eyes and saw wanderer from God and a member of the fallen race. He offered to keep hold of him and to lead the opened saul's eyes and save him and occupied his time and energy. The things before him were so glorious that the things he used to enjoy were now repulsive, and the things he once disadand now filled his heart and enthused him and occupied his time and energy. The things before him were so glorious that the things he once disadand now filled his heart and enthused him and occupied his time and energy. The things before him were so glorious that the things he once disadaned now filled his heart and energy. The things before him were so glorious that the things he used to enjoy were now repulsive, and the things he once disadaned now filled his heart and energy. The things before him were so glorious that the things he once disadaned now filled his heart and energy. The things before him were so glorious that the things before him were so glorious that the things before him were so glorious that the things he once disadaned now filled his heart and energy. that the Apostle had Note that the Apostle had not laid hold upon our Lord, but reversely the Lord had laid hold upon him, and had opened his eyes of understanding to discern the prize of the high calling, promising everything in the way of assistance and grace, if he continued sincerely earnest in his endeavor to grasp that prize, to lay hold upon it, to apprehend it.

it is a mistake to suppose that the It is a mistake to suppose that the Apostles and the early Church were called with any different calling or privilege from that which appertains to the entire Gospel Age. It is a mistake to suppose that the Scriptures recognize a clerical class and laity in the Church, and that the terms and conditions and narrow way and sacrifices and crown of glory at the end were intended only for the clergy. On the contrary the Scriptures assure us that the Church as a whole is a Royal Priesthood and that each faithful one is to be a sharer in the work of sacri-Friesthood and that each faithful one is to be a sharer in the work of sacrificing, as well as in the coming glory of the Millennial Kingdom.

In order to understand what the Apostle meant by forgetting the things behind, let us note the context preceding apply it individually each to the context preceding apply it individually each to

it was not intended for hor necessary to the Gentiles—because he pointed out that it was merely a type of the cutting off or putting away of the filth of the flesh from our minds and hearts. But "circumcision of the heart" has in the Church taken the place of circumcision of the flesh com-

The Apostle, at the time he wrote these words, was far from ignorant of his Saviour, but intimates that the more he knew, the more he realized the length and breadth and height and depth of the love of God, "manifested depth of the love of God, brow him more and more. He wanted that intimate heart communion and fellowship which would enable him to take the Lord's view of every incident and experience of life, that thus he might be the partaker of the sufferings of Christ, and bearer of the cross of Christ daily. Nor was this the end of his ambitions. Beyond this, having heard of the Father's intention that all believers who would become "copies of his Son" should be sharers with him in his glorious nature and Kingdom, the Apostle was anxious to know

Apostle here speaks of this resur-on, in which himself and all the rection, in which himself and all the faithful of the elect Church shall share as being a part of "His (Christ's) Resurrection." What can he mean? Resurrection." What can he mean? Was the resurrection of our Lord different from that which will come to mankind in general? Yes, indeed! Mankind in general will be privileged deemed by Christ through his obedience even unto death, the death of the cross. But Christ's resurrection was different from that of the world. And the resurrection of the Church, "Which is his Body," will be like his, different from that provided for the world in general. (Eph. 1:23.) This resurrection of "The Christ (Jesus the Head and the Church, his Body)" the Apostle describes minutely in 1 Cor. 15:42-49.

15:42-49.

He here speaks of the "First Resurrection," "His Resurrection," as "The Resurrection" of the special and peculiar class of the dead—"The dead in Christ"—those who lay down their lives in sacrificial service, as members of Christ. Note the Apostle's words, "If by any means I might attain unto THE resurrection of THE dead." (Phil. 3:11.) To attain this glorious resurrection, provided only for the spirit-begotten members of the Anointed, he was glad to have fellowship in dear brethren and sisters? Are we thus in earnest? Does the prize of the Divine calling thus shine before the eyes of our understanding, making every other ambition insignificant dross

ject or goal, which proved the brighter and more valuable to his appreciation every hour. True, there were ordinary things of life, such as eating and acy. The justification which he prodrinking and resting and, at one time, tent-making, which occupied some of tent-making, which occupied some of his hours. But these were not paramount, were not dominating. He aspired, not to be known as the greatest or most expert tent-maker. He aspired not to amass great wealth in that or any other labor or business. He lived not for his belly, nor did he, as a sluggard, waste valuable time in sleep. Every hour, every energy, had been devoted to God and his service water those of various degrees of mental, moral and physical degenerated. The justification which he provides makes up for the blemishes as for the less blemished. We are to bear in mind that there is no development in heaven, and hence perfection of character must be attained by the saints before they die. And, similarly, the world during the development before the close of the age in order to be fit for eternal life, according to the Divine promise and sluggard, waste valuable time in sleep. Every hour, every energy, had been devoted to God and his service—and devotion. Is it so with us? If it has not been so with all of us in the past, shall it notbe so with us now—our vow to the Lord renewed? Shall we not cast aside and forget the earthly aims and projects which occupied us and devote our time and energy and strength and thought to the Lord? Shall we not lay aside every weight, and whatever may be our besetting sin, and resolve or vow to the Lord today "To run with patience the race that is set before us?"—Heb. 12:1.

Whoever divides his heart, whoever attempts to serve the interests of sev-

Wheever divides his heart, whoever attempts to serve the interests of several equally, will surely fail. Not only does such a half-way course fail to meet with the Divine approval as worthy of joint-heirship in the Kingdom with Christ, but it fails also to meet the world's approval and to gain the advantages of this present life. Each of us, therefore, should sit down and count the cost, and reap the benefits accruing. If we believe that it would pay us best to serve mammon, then we should serve mammon with all our hearts. But if experience and the Word of God bring us to the conclusion that only the service of God can bring us truest happiness in the pressory of the will of God in Christ.

Any symmathy with sin is an evidence of control. and so that only the service of God can bring us truest happiness in the pressory of the will of God in Christ.

Some Things to Be Remembered.

Some Things to Be Remembered.

The Apostle surely never meant that everything behind should be forgotten; for, in that event, all the valuable lessons of life, which we have learned in the School of Christ, would be lost to us. We want to remember life's experiences. We want to profit by them. We desire that every failure shall be discerned, and its cause, that, by remembering the same, we shall not from similar weaknesses of the flesh, fall again into the same snare of the Adversary. We desire that all the lessons of life, which have cost us so much in the School of Christ, shall be cherished and grow more valuable to us every day. Let this also be our endeavor to see to it that no valuable lesson is lost, and that those lessons of the past are clearly and firmly held.

But, on the other hand, there are

firmly held.

But, on the other hand, there are certain things connected with the experiences of God's children in the past that they are invited to forget, and to remember that God has forgotten them and blotted them out, in so far as there was a record against us.

But all this is faith: God's dooling

But all this is faith; God's dealing with the Elect Church during this Gospel Age is on that basis. "We walk by faith, and not by sight." Whoever cannot exericse faith cannot have the standing the solution dence their preparation for dence the faith is dence to dence the faith is in connection with the faith is in connection with the dence the faith in dence the faith in dence the faith in off a victor and not be dismayed, nor have his courage beaten down by the dence the faith in off a victor and not be dismayed, nor have his courage beaten down by the dence the faith in dence the faith in off a victor and not be dismayed, nor have his courage beaten down by the dence the faith is in connection with the dence the faith is in connection with the dence the faith in dence sins that are past, by the forbearance of God." In proportion as we can realize this and act upon it, it gives us confidence and joy and peace and preparation for further Divine leadings and blessings.

We have heretofore suggested what we have heretolore suggested what we now wish to further, if possible emphasize; namely, the fact that there is a Divine standard of holiness of righteousness, which, if it be not attained, will mean our non-accept-ance by the Lord as members of his Elect Church; and more than this our day passed with Pentecost. The Apostle proceeds to show that if he chose to boast of his zeal for the Law, he would have as much to say for himself as could any Jew. But he declares that those things which he had before counted as gain, as something to be boastful of, as something to glory in, he now counted as loss and dross for the privilege of having a share with the privilege of having a share with the concentrated his time, his ent time, and by and by a share in his dear brethren and sisters? Are we now wish to further, if possible, emphasize; namely, the fact that there is a Divine standard of holiness, of righteousness, which, if it be not attained, will mean our non-acceptance by the Lord as members of his Elect Church; and, more than this, our unfitness for eternal life upon any plane. This standard of character, or the fact that there is a Divine standard of holiness, of righteousness, which, if it be not attained, will mean our non-acceptance by the Lord as members of his Elect Church; and, more than this, our unfitness for eternal life upon any plane. This standard of character, or mark of perfection, as we have pointed out, is not a standard or mark of perfection, because the Lord profitable years—by his grace!

according to the Divine promise and standards.

Pressing Toward the Mark.

Pressing Toward the Mark.

Is it asked to what extent will this standard of perfect love in the heart manifest itself in the flesh? We answer, that during the Millennial Ageit will manifest itself perfectly in the flesh, for the world then will be flesh, for the world then will be flesh, for the world then will be flesh, and perfection by restitution will be not only possible, but required. But as for us of the Gospel Age, we who are being judged not according to the flesh but according to the spirit, to what extent will the new mind, the new nature, when at the Mark of Perfect Love, be able to govern and control the flesh? Our answer is, that the degrees of control will vary much according to the degrees of imperfection with which the mortal body is afflicted.

The only standard which we can set forth is that the new man return the control is the control in the control in the control is the control in the control in the control is the control in the control in the control in the control is the control in the control in the control

whoever sees this subject clearly must realize that as a Christian he has to do with a great proposition which will thoroughly test his loyalty, his courage, his zeal, his love. He will need to remember the Lord's comforting assurances of grace to help in every time of need if he would come off a victor and not be dismayed, nor have his courage beaten down by the

remember all of God's favors of the past, as well as of the present, and remember the lessons learned through our experiences, including our stum blings and failures. But let us pu away every feeling of condemnation as respects the sins which God ha freely forgiven, that "We may assur

Christian Science Unscientific and Unchristian

Prosperity Not a Proof of Merit
The second point Rev. Tomlinson makes is its growth. Hear the Word of the Lord: "For there shall arise false Christs, and false prophets, and shall show great signs and wonders; insomuch that if it were possible, they shall deceive the very elect."—Matt. 24:24. "There shall be false teachers among you, who privily shall bring in damnable heresies, even denying the Lord that bought them." "And many shall follow their pernicious ways."—2 Peter 2:1, 2.

"Many Wonderful Works" Not Proof

Rev. Tomlinson's sixth point is that Christian Science is one of the many bodies of worshippers which lay great stress on the subject of healing. He says: "It has been mistakenly supposed by some that, though the disciples healed the sick while Jesus was with them, their power ceased when he was gone." At this point of his discourse Rev. Tomlinson came very near to making a correct statement. His with them, their pernicious ways."—2 Peter 2:1, 2.

The third point Rev. Tomlinson makes is its financial prosperity. Hear the Word of the Lord: "Woe unto you that are rich! for ye have received your consolation," (Luke 6:24.) "Hearken, my beloved brethren, hath not God chosen the poor of this world rich in faith, and heirs of the kingdom which he hath promised to them that love him?" (James 2:5.) "I will spue the out of my mouth because thou sayest I am rich and increased with goods, and have need of nothing; and knowest not have need of nothing; and knowest not hat thou are wretched, and miserable, and poor, and blind and naked."—Rev. Tomlinson be a personality of God. Hear Mrs. Eddy on this point: "Jeho that thou are inseparable, as Principle is "life, truth, love, substance and intelligence." "In divine Science God and men are inseparable, as Principle and its idea." "Woman is the condensed of nothing in the more young the principle is "life, truth, love, substance and intelligence." "In divine Science God and men are inseparable, as Principle and its idea." "Woman is the condensed when he warned Timothy wounds is gone." At this point is hat the word risk merical making a correct statement. His principle is "life, truth, love, substance and intelligence." "In divine Science docs and intelligence." "In divine Science docs and intelligence." "In divine Science and intelligenc

each congregation, so that coming together they could edify and instruct and build one another up with the truth from those inspired sources, and goddess Ashtaroth, the Greek goddess not longer require, as at first, the miraculous gifts as a means for the edification and instruction. It was this apostolic privilege, of bestowing these gifts upon others, which Simon Magus, the edification and magus, the first great would-be Christian Science teacher, in Acts 8:13-20.

Interpolation, Not Scripture

Rev. Tomlinson goes on to say: "In his farewell address to the members of his church, the Master said as reported in the last chapter of Mark: These signs shall follow them that believe; in my name they shall cast out devils; they shall speak with new tongues; they shall recover." Right here is where Rev. Tomlinson stuck his foot into it, in bad shape, for all careful Bible students know that the last twelve verses of the Book of Mark are wanting in the Sinaitic and Vatican MSS, the loddest and most authentic copies of the New Testament in existence. It is evident that Mark's gospel was completed for him about five centuries after he wrote it, for the Alexandrine MS, write the in the fifth century, is the oldest Greek MS. which contains these verses. Read these spurious verses carefully, note the marginal reading in the Revised Version, note their untruthfulnes. THE following criticism of a minister's address from the Scranton (Pa.) "Times" is worthy of circulation: Editor of "The Times," Scranton, Pa.:

Dear Sir. Public attention having been called to the doctrines of Christian Science, by the lecture of Rev. Irving.

C. Tomlinson, reported in the public press, it has occurred to me, that both the friends and opponents of this theory would welcome public expressions on the subject; hence my letter.

One of the first points that Rev. Tomlinson made is that Mrs. Eddy's views have been accepted by many "learned scholars, wise judges," etc. But now, hear the Word of the Lord regarding those who accept the doctrines which Christ himself taught: "I thank thee, O Father, Lord of heaven and earth, because thou hast hid these things from the wise and prudeat, and hast redeemed us to God by thy blood." It is worted the fesh, not many mighty, not many moble are called."—I cor. 1:26.

Prosperity Not a Proof of Merit

The second point Rev. Tomlinson make is its growth. Hear the Word of the Lord: "For there shall arise false Christs, and false prophets, and shall rise false Christs, and false prophets, and shall rise false Christs, and false prophets, and shall reverse.

It was the Word of the Lord reference where the first of all that which I also received, how that not many mighty, not many moble are called."—I cor. 1:26.

Prosperity Not a Proof of Merit

The second point Rev. Tomlinson make is its growth. Hear the Word of the Lord: "For there shall arise false Christs, and false prophets, and shall contained the proof of the Lord: "For there shall arise false Christs, and false prophets and shall see a false Christs, and false prophets and shall see a false Christs, and false prophets and shall see a false Christs, and false prophets and shall see a false Christs, and false prophets and shall see a false Christs, and false prophets and shall see a false christ and New Testament in existence. It is evident that Mark's gospel was completed for him about five centuries after he wrote it, for the Alexandrine MS., written in the fifth century, is the oldest Greek MS. which contains these verses. Read these spurious verses carefully, note the marginal reading in the Revised Version, note their untruthfulness in the light of facts, and mark them in your Bible. I feel constrained to say to Rev. Tomlinson that this is very bad "Science." It would have to go under the classification referred to by the Apostle when he warned Timothy against the erroneous teachings of "Science falsely so called."—I Tim. 6:20. Apostle when he warned Timothy against the erroneous teachings of "Science falsely so called."—1 Tim. 6:20.

Let the Shadows Flee Away

It was the Word of God, made clear to me some years ago, through reading the Scripture Study series of Bible helps, that led me to see how un-Scriptural is this Christian Science theory, and how unscholarly and unscientific. Christian Science teaches that the meaning of certain words is as follows:

Mary......Sweet.

Now that all may see just how childish is this method of twisting words, I
give the exact meaning of each of the
foregoing words in the Hebrew, from
which they were taken:

Adam. Of the Ground.
Eve...Life-Giving, or Life Sustainer.
God...Mighty One.
Israel...Ruling with God.
Mary...Bitter.

In the case of the meaning of the

Mary...Bitter.

In the case of the meaning of the word Mary, Mrs. Eddy has made a most ridiculous mess, for the word comes from the Hebrew "Marah," and its only meaning is "Bitter." Tur to Exodus 15:23, and read for yourself: "And when they came to Marah, they could not drink of the waters of Marah, for they were bitter; therefore, the name of it was called Marah."

Yours in behalf of the Old Book,

Yours in behalf of the Old Book, CLAYTON J. WOODWORTH.

ELECTIFY THEM THROUGHTHY TRUTH " CLEEKE

THIS IS NOT AN ADVERTISEMENT, BUT AN EDITORIAL

"STUDIES IN THE SCRIPTURES"

"MY PEOPLE PERISH FOR LACK OF KNOWLEDGE," SAITH THE LORD.

INFIDELITY, HIGHER CRITICISM, ETC., ARE DESTROYING FAITH:

BECAUSE THE BIBLE IS MISUNDERSTOOD; BECAUSE "THE FOG of THE DARK AGES" STILL BECLOUDS OUR MENTAL VISION

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must already have them in your homes, for over three millions of the first series is announced by the publishers, The Bible and TRACT SOCIETY OF BROOKLYN TABERNACLE, Brooklyn, N. Y.

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"THE TRUTH SHALL MAKE YOU FREE